# K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology

(Autonomous)





# Curriculum & Syllabus of

# M.Tech. Nano Science and Technology

(For the batch admitted in 2021 – 2023)

# R 2018 (CBCS)

Courses Accredited by NBA, Accredited by NAAC with 'B\*\*'Grade, Approved by AICTE, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai.

> KSR Kalvi Nagar, Tiruchengode – 637 215. Namakkal District, Tamil Nadu, India.



## VISION

• To excel as a world class teaching and research hub in Nanoscience and Technology.

## MISSION

- To facilitate students and researchers to engage in need-based research in multidisciplinary domains.
- To engage in transformative technology based education that builds industry and society.

## **PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)**

- **PEO1:** Our graduates will demonstrate their competence in the processing of nanostructured materials and use them for effective industrial applications.
- **PEO2:** Our graduates will demonstrate interdisciplinary proficiency both in theory and practice in Nanoscience and Technology research.
- **PEO3:** Our graduates will apply the scientific concepts and mathematical analysis to bring out need based nano-products with ethical responsibility.

## PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)

## Engineering Graduates will be able to:

- PO1: Ability to understand the importance and the impact of Nanoscience and Technology
- PO2: Ability to approach, analyse and bring out scientific solution for a given problem.
- **PO3:** Ability to implement multidisciplinary concepts and ideas for the development of innovative technologies.
- PO4: Capability to extend the acquired knowledge for trouble shooting experimental errors.
- **PO5:** Ability to demonstrate leadership, quality and entrepreneurship.
- PO6: Demonstrate technical skills in operation and maintenance of sophisticated instrumentations.
- PO7: Ability to protect their innovative research through IPR.
- **PO8:** Ability to handle/approach challenging issues from industries.
- **PO9:** Innovation for high quality research on par with international laboratories.
- PO10: Ability to explore science projects for need based industry.
- PO11: Ability to bring out good quality research proposal as well as research publications.

## PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

- **PSO1:** Analyse and synthesize new nano materials for multiple applications.
- **PSO2:** Design processing conditions to engineer functional nanomaterials.
- **PSO3:** Apply and transfer interdisciplinary systems and Engineering approaches to the field of Nanotechnology.

## MAPPING OF PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs) WITH PROGRAMMEOUTCOMES (POs)

The B.E. Mechanical Engineering Programme outcomes leading to the achievement of the objectives are summarized in the following Table.

Programme Educational					Progra	ımme O	utcome	es			
Objectives	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
PEO 1	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	2
PEO 2	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	2	3	3
PEO 3	2	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	2	3	2

Contributions: 1- low, 2- medium, 3- high



#### **SEMESTER I**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С		
	THEORY									
1.	50 PNT 101	Advanced Numerical Methods	BS	5	3	2	0	4		
2.	50 PNT 102	Quantum Mechanics	PC	5	3	2	0	4		
3.	50 PNT 103	Nano Structured Materials	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
4.	50 PNT 104	Advanced Materials	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
5.	50 PNT 105	Synthesis of Nanostructured Materials	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
6.	50 PNT E1*	Elective I	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
	PRACTICALS									
7.	50 PNT 1P1	Synthesis and Characterisation of Nanomaterials Laboratory - I	PC	3	0	0	3	2		
			Total	25	18	4	3	22		

## SEMESTER II

SEMESTER										
S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С		
		THEORY								
1.	50 PNT 201	Characterisation Techniques	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
2.	50 PNT 202	Nanocomposites	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
3.	50 PNT 203	Nanosensors and Transducers	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
4.	50 PNT 204	Nanolithography	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
5.	50 PNT E2*	Elective II	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
6.	50 PNT E3*	Elective III	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
7.	50 AT 004	Value Education	AT	2	2	0	0	0		
		PRACTICALS								
8.	50 PNT 2P1	Nano Device Fabrication and Simulation Laboratory-II	PC	3	0	0	3	2		
9.	50 PNT 2P2	Technical Report Preparation and Presentation	PC	2	0	0	2	0		
			Total	25	20	0	5	20		

#### SEMESTER III

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С		
	THEORY									
1.	50 PNT E4*	Elective IV	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
2.	50 PNT E5*	Elective V	PC	3	3	0	0	3		
3.	50 AT 002	Disaster Management	AT	2	2	0	0	0		
4.	50 AT 009	Research Ethics	AT	1	1	0	0	0		
	PRACTICALS									
5.	50 PNT 3P1	Project Work - Phase I	PC	12	0	0	12	7		
			Total	21	9	0	12	13		



**SEMESTER IV** 

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С			
	PRACTICALS										
1.	50 PNT 4P1	Project Work - Phase II	PC	35	0	0	35	16			
			Total	35	0	0	35	16			

## TOTAL NUMBER OF CREDITS TO BE EARNED FOR AWARD OF THE DEGREE = 71

**Note**: HS- Humanities and Social Sciences including Management Courses, BS- Basic Science Courses, ES-Engineering Science Courses, PE-Professional Core Courses, PE-Professional Elective Courses, OE- Open Elective Courses, EEC-Employability Enhancement Courses & MC- Mandatory Courses



## HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES (HS)

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-

## **BASIC SCIENCE (BS)**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	50 PNT 101	Advanced Numerical Methods	BS	5	3	2	0	4

## **ENGINEERING SCIENCES (ES)**

ſ	S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
	1.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## **PROFESSIONAL CORE (PC)**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	50 PNT 102	Quantum Mechanics	PC	5	3	2	0	4
2.	50 PNT 103	Nano Structured Materials	PC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	50 PNT 104	Advanced Materials	PC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	50 PNT 105	Synthesis of Nanostructured Materials	PC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	50 PNT 1P1	Synthesis and Characterization of Nanomaterials Laboratory - I	PC	3	0	0	3	2
6.	50 PNT 201	Characterization Techniques	PC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	50 PNT 202	Nanocomposites	PC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	50 PNT 203	Nanosensors and Transducers	PC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	50 PNT 204	Nanolithography	PC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	50 PNT 2P1	Nano Device Fabrication and Simulation Laboratory-II	PC	3	0	0	3	2
11.	50 PNT 2P2	Technical Report Preparation and Presentation	PC	2	0	0	2	0

## **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES (PE)**

## **SEMESTER I, ELECTIVE I**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	50 PNT E11	Polymers in Nanotechnology	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	50 PNT E12	Biomaterials	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	50 PNT E13	Solid State of Nanotechnology	PE	3	3	0	0	3



## SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE II

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	50 PNT E21	Nanobiotechnology	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	50 PNT E22	Drug Delivery	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	50 PNT E23	Nanotechnology in Energy Conversion and Storage	PE	3	3	0	0	3

## SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE III

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	50 PNT E31	Nanomaterials in Energy Storage Devices	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	50 PNT E32	Nanodevices	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	50 PNT E33	Nanotechnology in Automobiles	PE	3	3	0	0	3

## SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE IV

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	50 PNT E41	Corrosion Engineering	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	50 PNT E42	Social Impact of Nanotechnology	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	50 PNT E43	Computer Modeling and Simulation	PE	3	3	0	0	3

## SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE V

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	т	Ρ	С
1.	50 PNT E51	Nano Safety and Environmental Issues	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	50 PNT E52	Intellectual Property Rights	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	50 PNT E53	Research Methodology - Science and Humanities	PE	3	3	0	0	3

## OPEN ELECTIVES I / II / III / IV (OE)

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	т	Ρ	С
1.	-	-	-	-	-	I	-	-

## EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Contact Periods	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	50 PNT 3P1	Project Work - Phase I	EEC	12	0	0	12	7
2.	50 PNT 4P1	Project Work - Phase II	EEC	50	0	0	50	16



SUMMARY

C No	Cotogony			Cr	edits Pe	er Seme	ster			Total	Percentage
S.No.	Category		II		IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Credits	%
1.	HS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	BS	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5.63
3.	ES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	PC	15	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	40.84
5.	PE	3	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	15	21.12
6.	OE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	EEC	-	-	7	16	-	-	-	-	23	32.39
8.	AT	-	AT I	AT II	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
٦	Fotal	22	20	13	16	-	-	-	-	71	100



K.:	K.S.Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation							R 2018			
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Name					M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
	Ś	Semest	ter I								
Course Code	Course Name		Hours Week	/	Credit	Ma	rks				
		L	Т	Ρ	С	CA	ES	Total			
	ADVANCED NUMERICAL METHODS	3	2	0	4	50	50	50			
Objective(s)With the present development of the computer technology, it is necessary to develop efficient algorithms for solving problems in science, engineering and technology. This course gives a complete procedure for solving different kinds of problems that occur in engineering numerically. At the end of the course the students would be acquainted with the basic concepts in numerical methods and their uses.											

## SOLUTION OF EQUATION

Bisection Method – Newton Raphsan method – Method of False Position – Iteration Method – Secant Method – Muller's Method – Graeffe's Root-Squaring Method – Horner's Method.

## SOLUTION OF EQUATION AND EIGEN VALUE PROBLEM

Solution of Linear Systems: Matrix Inversion Method, Gauss Elimination Method, Gauss-Jordan Method, Gauss- Seidal iteration Method, Solution of Tridiagonal Systems, Eigen value Problems: Eigen values of a symmetric Tridiagonal Matrix, Householder Method, QR Method.

## NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

Picard's Method of Successive approximations – Euler's Method – Modified Euler's Method -Runge-Kutta Methods (Fourth order only). Boundary Value Problems: Finite Difference Method, Shooting Method, Cubic Spline Method. Poisson Equation – Laplace's Equation: Jacobi's Method, Gauss-Seidal Method, Parabolic Equations and Hyperbolic Equations.

## NUMERICAL INTEGRATION

Numerical integrations by Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 and 3/8 rules, Two and three point Gaussianquadrature formula, Romberg's Method – Double intergrals using trapezoidal and Simpson's rules. FiniteElement Method: Rayleigh-Ritz Method, Galerkin Method.

## ANOVA AND SIMULATION

Testing of hypothesis for small samples using t-test, F-test,  $\chi$  -test for independence of attributes and Goodness of fit. ANOVA : One way classification – Two way classification – Latin Square Design.Simulation: Basic concepts of simulation – Advantages and limitations – Monte-Carlo Techniques – Uses of simulation.

Ref	erence(s):
1	S.S. Sastry, "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", Prentice-Hall of India, PVT. LTD,
2	M.K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyenkar and R.K. Jain, "Numerical Methods Problems and Solutions", New Age International
	Limited Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 1995.
3	Gupta, S.C, and Kapoor, J.N., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand&sons, Ninth Edition, New Delhi, 2002.
4	Kanti Swarup, P.K.Gupta, Manmohan "Operation Research", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2004.
5	Kandasamy.P, Thilakavathy.K and Gunavathy.K, "Numerical methods", (Revised Edition) S.Chand and company, New Delhi, 2005.
6	V.Sundaresan, K.S.Ganapathy Subramanian, K.Ganesan, "Resource Management Techniques (Operations Research)" A.R.Publications, Chennai, 2009.



K.\$	K.S.Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous R 2018 Regulation										
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Progra	amme Name			ech – Nano Science and Technology					
Semester I											
Course Code	Course Name	-	Hours / Week						Ma	iximum Ma	arks
		L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total			
50 PNT 102	QUANTUM MECHANICS	3	2	0	4	50	50	100			
Objective(s)	• Impart the basic knowledge about the Quantum Mechanics and understand the various parameters like operator, Eigen function, angular momentum, the variation principles and										

Limitation of classical mechanics - Plank's quantum hypothesis - Einstein's photoelectric effect - Wave nature of particles - Heisenberg Uncertainty principle - Schrodinger's time dependent and independent wave equations - Particle in a one dimensional box - Harmonic oscillator.

## WAVE MECHANICS

Linear operator - Hermitian operator - Linear harmonic oscillator - Operator method – Postulates of quantum mechanics - Equations in motion - Ehrenfests theorem - Hydrogen atom - Hydrogen orbitals - Matrix representation of wave functions.

## **OPERATORS AND COMPUTATION LAWS**

Linear momentum operator – Properties of Hermitian operator – Angular momentum operators – Ladder operators – Parity operator – Commuting and non commuting operators – Commutation relation  $L_x$  and  $L_y$  – Commutation relation  $L^2$  and  $L_x$  – Commutation relation  $L_+$  and  $L_-$ 

## VARIATION AT PRINCIPLES

Variation at method - Ground state of hydrogen molecule - Ground state of Helium atom –Perturbation theory in non-degenerate case - First order perturbation – Harmonic perturbation - Transition to continuous states.

## **APPROXIMATION METHODS**

Klein-Gordon equation – Charge and current densities – Inadequacy of Klein-Gordon equation – Dirac's equation for a free particle - Dirac's matrices – Properties of Dirac's matrices – Negative energy states – Hartree-Fock equation.WKB Approximations-adiabatic approximation-Sudden approximation.

Ref	erence(s):
1	G. Aruldhass, "Quantum Mechanics", Prentice Hall of India pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2004.
2	Kurt Gottfried, Tung-Mowyan " Quantum Mechanics Fundamentals", Springer,2003.
3	Steven Weinberg "Lectures on Quantum Mechanics" USA Cambridge University press,2013
	Ajoy Ghatak and Lokanathan "Quantum Mechanics : Theory and Applications", Kluwer Academic
4	publications,2004



K.8	K.S.Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous R 2018 Regulation									
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Progra	amme Name		& PNT		I.Tech – Nano Science and Technology			
Semester I										
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / ( Week			Ma	Maximum Marks			
		L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total		
50 PNT 103	NANO STRUCTURED MATERIALS	3	0	0	3	50	50	100		
	<ul> <li>Impart the basic knowledge on</li> </ul>	nanosci	ience a	and tee	chnology.					
Objective(s)	<ul> <li>Analyze the various process teo structured materials.</li> </ul>	chnique	s avail	able fo	or the proc	essing of r	nano			
	<ul> <li>Impart knowledge on the exotic nanoscale lengths.</li> </ul>	propert	ies of	nano s	structured	materials a	at their			
	<ul> <li>Acquire the knowledge above the second second</li></ul>	ne vario	us nar	noparti	cles proce	ess method	ls and their	r skills.		
	Study there active merits of var	ious pro	ocess t	technic	ques.					

Introduction to Nanoscale materials - Atomic & molecular size. Scientific revolutionsnanotechnology application area. Scope of Nanoscience and technology.

## NANOSTRUCTURES AND DIMENSIONS

Classification of nanostructures-zero, one, two and three dimensional nanostructures. Size Dependency in Nanostructures-Quantum size effects in nanostructures. Chemistry of tailored nano shapes.

## **METHODS OF PREPARATION**

Classification - Synthesis of nanomaterials-Top down and bottom up approach. Method of nanomaterials preparation – Wet chemical (Sol gel) synthesis-Mechanical Milling.

#### NANOMATERIAL PROPERTIES

Surface to volume ratio. Surface properties of nanoparticles. Size dependent Mechanical, optical, electronic, magnetic, thermal and chemical properties. Size and shape dependent absorption spectra. Carbon nanotubes- physical properties and applications.

## **APPLICATIONS**

Nano structured materials – applications – Anti Corrosive - Coating – Solar Cell -Types - Thermal Energy storage.

Ref	erence(s):
1	Mick Wilson, KamaliKannargare., Geoff Smith, "Nano technology: Basic Science and Emerging
	Technologies", Overseas Press, 2005.
2	Charles P. Poole, Frank J. Owens, "Introduction to Nanotechnology", Wiley Interscience, 2003.
3	Mark A. Ratner, Daniel Ratner, "Nanotechnology: A gentle introduction to the next Big Idea", Prentice Hall P7R:1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, 2002.
4	T. Pradeep, "Nano the Essential Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", Tata McGraw hill, 2007.



K.	K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation								18		
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name			e	PNT : M.		ech – Nano Science and Technology			
			Semeste	er I							
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / Week			Credit	Maximum Marks				
Course Code	Course Na	L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total			
50 PNT 104	ADVANCED MATE	RIALS	3	0	0	3	50	50	100		
<ul> <li>Objective(s)</li> <li>Analyze the basic ideas about the materials and impart the knowledge about the properties and different applications of dielectric materials magnetic, semiconducting superconducting materials.</li> <li>Impart the knowledge about the new materials like smart materials, shape memory alloys and acquire the various physico-chemical properties of different materials.</li> </ul>											

## CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

crystalline solids-amorphous solids-lattice-basis-unit cell-crystallographic axes-primitives-lattice parametersprimitive cell -seven crystal systems - miller indices -crystal structure of materials- simple cubic - body centered cubic-face centered cubic – hexagonal structure-types of symmetry- bonding in solids-primary bonds- secondary bonds- imperfections-point, line, surface & volume – color centers

## DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

Basic concepts of dielectric materials-dielectric properties - types of polarization - classification of dielectric materials based on temperature – Claussius-Mosotti relation Dielectric Constant and Dielectric Loss – breakdown mechanism - ferroelectric material – multi ferroics - applications.

## **MAGNETIC MATERIALS**

Dia-para-ferro and anti ferromagnetic materials and its properties -Ferrites-hard and soft magnetic materialsferrites-structural and its properties-magnetic optical recording materials-magnetic computer data storage - NMR imaging-MR imaging-storage-memory-recording and imaging

## SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS

Preparation of Semiconducting Materials-Band Gap-Direct, Indirect Band gap-Semiconductor Band Gaps-Ptype-N-type –Fermi level-Fermidirac - Brillouin Zone-Advanced Semiconducting Materials-Functionalization of Charge –Hall effect-Charge Carriers

## SMART MATERIALS

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Shape memory alloys-Phase Transformations - Properties of SMA – classification of metal alloys-Ferrous alloys-Phase diagram-Titanium alloys- Nonferrous alloys - applications – Micro valve & pump. Metallic glasses – preparation – properties – applications.

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	V. Rajendran, Materials Science, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2011.							
2	A.J. Dekker, Solid state Physics, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.							
3	S.O. Pillai, Solid state Physics, New Age International(p)Ltd, 2007 Revised Edition							
4	C. Kittle, Introduction to Solid State Physics 8 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley publishers, 2005.							



K.S. Rar	igasamy College of Tech	nnology - <i>I</i>	Autono	mous	Regu	lation		R	2018	
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
		5	Semeste	er I						
Course Code	Course Nome		Hou	rs / We	ek	Credit	Maximum Marks			
Course Code	Course Name		L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT 105	SYNTHESIS OF NANOSTRUCTURED MATERIALS		3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
<ul> <li>Objective(s)</li> <li>Impart the knowledge about the synthesis of nano structuredmaterials.</li> <li>Comprehend the basic ideas about the materials synthesis through different methods like chemical, thin film, mechanical and etchingmethods.</li> <li>To analysis the carbon based nano structured materialspreparation.</li> </ul>										

## **CHEMICAL METHODS**

Sol-gel synthesis –different types of coatings -Spin coating- Self-assembly- (Periodic) - starting points for selfassembly- Directed self-assembly using conventional lithography-Template self-assembly-Vapor liquid solid growth- Langmuir-Blodgett films – DNA self-assembly.

## CVD AND PVD METHODS

CVD Chemical vapor deposition –Atmospheric pressure CVD (APCVD) – Low pressure CVD (LPCVD) - Plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition (PECVD) - The HiPCO method - Photo-enhanced chemical vapor deposition (PHCVD)- LCVD Laser–Induced CVD. Physical vapor deposition- Sputter technologies- Diode sputtering - Magnetron sputtering- Ion beam (sputter) deposition, ion implantation and ion assisted deposition – Cathodicarc deposition - Pulsed laser deposition.

## **MECHANICAL METHODS**

Micromilling - Microdrilling - Microgrinding processes - EDM micro machining - laser micro/nanomachining - Dry etching. isotropic anisotropic etching - Reactive ion etching- Magnetically enhanced RIE- Ion beam etching.

## **ETCHING TECHNIQUES**

Wet etching of silicon - Isotropic etching - Anisotropic etching – Electrochemical etching - Vapor phase etching - Dry etching- Other etching techniques. Wet chemical etching.

## CARBON BASED NANOMATERIALS

Synthesis method– carbon nanotube – nanorods – nanosprings – rings –nanosheets –other structures - chemical routes for nanotubes and nanorods – lon beam induced nanostructures.

Ref	ference(s) :
1	M. J. Jackson, "Micro fabrication and Nanomanufacturing", CRC Press, 2005.
2	P.Rai-Choudhury, "Handbook of Micro lithography, Micro machining, and Microfabrication", Vol. 2, SPIE Press, 1997.
3	G. Cao, "Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications" Imperial College Press, 2004
4	W.T.S. Huck, "Nanoscale Assembly: Chemical Techniques (Nanostructure Science and Technology)", Springer 2006



K.S. R		Technology - Autono	οmoι	is Regula				R 2018			
Department         Nano Science and Technology         Programme Code & N					ne PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science an Technology						
		Semester	1			n	T				
Course Code	Course	Name	H	ours / We	ek	Credit	Max	timum N	/larks		
Course Code			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Tota		
50 PNT 1P1	OF NANOMATERIA		0	0	3	2	60	40	100		
Objective(s)	<ul> <li>To analysis the difference and characterization</li> </ul>	erent methods and tech n techniques	nnica	l skills red	quired	l to prepa	re the na	anoparti	cles		
	es: Metal Oxide Nanop sis Method: Sol-Gel	articles (TiO₂/ZnO)									
	sterisation Technique:	XRD studies									
	es: Metal Oxide Nanop										
	sis Method: Ballmill	( 0 )									
		Particle size Distributio	n								
	es: Metal Oxide Nanop	articles (CuO/ZrO <sub>2</sub> )									
	sis Method:Sonication										
	terisation Technique:										
	es: Metal Nanoparticles (Ag/Au)										
	esis Method: Chemical reduction cterisation Technique: EDAXanalysis										
	les: Magnetite Nanoparticles (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /Ni/Fe <sub>2</sub> TiO <sub>3</sub> )										
	les: Magnetite Nanoparticles (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /Ni/Fe <sub>2</sub> TiO <sub>3</sub> ) esis Method:Co-Precipitation										
	terisation Technique:										
	es: Green Nanoparticle										
	esis Method:Extraction/Reduction										
		UV and PL studies and	l ban	d gap cal	culati	on					
	es: Nanocomposites (A										
	sis Method: Wetchem										
	terisation Technique:										
	es: Metal Oxide nanop										
	sis Method: Spray Pyr										
	cterisation Technique: BETtechniques es: Nano Biomaterials ( Bioactive glass(SiO₂/CaO/P₂O₅)/HAp)										
		mal Characterisation T				ential stu	dies				
	es: Polymeric Nanofibe		CON	ilque. Zet	a pou		105				
	sis Method: Electro sp										
	terisation Technique:										
11. Particles: Metal/Metal oxide Nanoparticles (Ag/TiO <sub>2</sub> /ZnO)											
	sis Method:Precipitation										
	terisation Technique:										
		rticles (BaTiO₃/CaMgT	iO₃)								
	sis Method: Solid state		ioc								
Charac	tensation rechnique:	Online Ultrasonicsstud	ies								
					Т	otal Hrs		45			



K.S. Ran	K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation R 2018									
Department	Nano Science and Programme Coc Technology Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology					
Semester II										
Course Code	Course Name			Hours / Week			М	Maximum Marks		
Course Code				Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT 201	CHARACTERISATION TECHNIQUES			0	0	3	50	50	100	
<ul> <li>Objective(s)</li> <li>To analysis the relative methods of various characterisation techniques and the basic knowledge about the different characterization techniques.</li> <li>Impart the knowledge about the characterisation techniques and study each and every technique and acquire the knowledge to use thetechnique.</li> </ul>										
MICROSCORY	/									

## MICROSCOPY

Optical microscopy – Confocal microscopy - Electron Microscopy: Scanning electron microscopy – Transmission electron microscopy – Scanning tunneling electron microscopy – Image collection in electron microscopes – Environmental transmission electron microscopy – In-situ measurements.

## SCANNING PROBE MICROSCOPY

Scanning Probe microscopy – Atomic manipulations – Atomic force microscopy – Scanning probe lithography – Scanning near field optical microscopy – Secondary ion mass (SIMS) spectrometry.

## SPECTROSCOPY

Optical absorption and emission spectroscopy – Basics - AAS – ICP OES – Infrared surface spectroscopy – Raman spectroscopy – Brillouin spectroscopy – Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS) – NMR Spectroscopy – Thermo gravimetric Analysis (TGA) – Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) – Thermo mechanical Analysis (TMA).

## **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISATION**

Modulus and load carrying capability of nano region/ compression - micro hardness – Fatigue – Abrasion and wear resistance – Super plasticity – Nano indentation – Nano tribology – Nano tribometre – Surface Force apparatus – Quartz crystal microbalance – Friction force microscope.

## STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISATION

X- ray diffraction – Scherer formula – texturing - Micro strain macromolecular crystallography using synchrotron radiation – electron and neutron diffraction - Photoluminescence - Thermo luminescence – X-ray absorption Fine Structure (XAFS) – Extended X- ray absorption fine structure (EXAFS) – Electron spectroscopy for chemical Analysis (ESCA).

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	T.Pradeep, "Nano: The Essentials", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2007.							
2	Charles P Poole Jr and Frank J Ownes, "Introduction to Nanotechnology", John Wiley Sons, 2003.							
3	Mick Wilson, KamaliKannangara, Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmons, BurkarRaguse, "Nanotechnology: Basic sciences and emerging technologies", Overseas Press, 2005.							
4	Willard, Merritt, Dean, Settle "Instrumental Methods of Analysis", CBS PUBS & DISTS New Delhi 2007.							



K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation R 2018									
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology			
Semester II									
Course Code	Course Name	Hours / Week			Credit		Maximum Marks		
	Course Marine	L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT 202	NANOCOMPOSITES		3	0	0	3	50	50	100
<ul> <li>Objective(s)</li> <li>To perceive the science and technology behind the nanocomposites.</li> <li>Acquire the knowledge on nanocomposite properties, features and processing of various nanocomposites.</li> <li>Impart knowledge on various testing methods, applications and recycling.</li> </ul>									

Significance of composites, functions of matrix and reinforcement in composites, Classification of compositesparticle reinforced-fibre reinforced-structural composite, Polymer, metal and ceramic matrix composites. Applications in automobiles-machine tools-aerospace and sports equipments.

## **PROCESSING OF NANOCOMPOSITES**

Viscosity - Types of flow – Non-Newtonian Flow -Low-viscosity processing - Solvent processing - Particle behavior - In situ polymerization -Post-Forming - Melt, high -shear, and direct processing -Melting and softening - Melt processes with small shears or Low-shear rates flow – Melt processes with large deformations or high-shear rates - Thermo-kinetic processes.

## **PROPERTIES OF NANOCOMPOSITES**

Physics of modulus – Continuum measurements – Yield – Fracture – Rubbery elasticity and visco elasticity – Surface mechanical properties –Diffusion and permeability – Features of nanocomposites – basics of polymer nanocomposites – Nano reinforcements – Matrix materials – Hazards of particles.

## **TESTING AND VALIDATION**

Characterization – Experiment design – Sample preparation – Imaging –Structural characterization – Scales in nanocomposites – Texture – Electromagnetic energy –Visualization – Physicochemical analysis – Characterization of physical properties –Identification – Mechanical – Surface mechanical – Exposure – Barrier properties – Recipes and standards.

#### APPLICATIONS AND RECYCLING OFNANOCOMPOSITES

Nanocomposites – Optical, Structural Applications – Nanoparticulate Systems With Organic Matrices – Applications – Biodegradable Protein –Ceramics –Food Preservatives-Dental Materials- Automatic Components -Corrosion Protection- Properties And Property Changes Over Virgin Material- Contaminants-Role Of Contaminants In Property Change. Future Regulatory Issues On Polymer Nanocomposites Based On solid wastemanagement.

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	Thomas E. Twardowski, Introduction to Nanocomposite Materials – Properties, Processing, Characterization, DesTech Publications, April 2007							
2	Klaus Friedrich, StoykoFakivov, Zhony Shang, Polymer Composites from Nano – to Macro – scale, Springer, USA, 2005							
3	Ray Smith, Biodegradable polymers for Industrial Applications, CRC Press, 2005							
4	ManasChandar and Salil K. Roy, Plastics technology handbook, CRC Press, 2006							



K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation R 2018										
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
Semester II										
Course Code	Course Name		Hou		eek	Credit	Maximum Marks		m Marks	
Course Code			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT 203	50 PNT 203 NANOSENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS		3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
<ul> <li>Impart knowledge about the nanosensors, trancducers and their application.</li> <li>To analysis the basic about nanosensors and impart the knowledge for the different sensor application techniques.</li> </ul>										

## SENSORS AND THEIR CHARACTERISTICS

Active and Passive sensors – Static characteristic - Accuracy, offset and linearity – Dynamic characteristics - First and second order sensors – Physical effects involved in signal transduction- Photoelectric effect – Photoluminescence effect – Electroluminescence effect – chemiluminescence effect – Piezoelectric effect – Pyroelectric effect.

## NANO BASED INORGANIC SENSORS

Density of states (DOS) – DOS IN 3D, 2D, 1D and 0D nanomaterials – one dimensional gas sensors:- gas sensing with nanostructured thin films – absorption on surfaces – metal oxide modifications by additives – surface modifications – nano optical sensors – nano mechanical sensors – plasmon resonance sensors.

## TRANSDUCERS

Conductometric and capacitive transducers – optical waveguide based transducers – optical fiber based transducers – Interferometric optical transducers – surface plasmon resonance transducers – electrochemical transducers – soild state transducers – pn diodes or bipolar junction based transducers – schottky diode based transducers –Cantilever based tansducers.

## GAS AND THERMAL SENSORS

Criteria for the choice of materials, Experimental aspects – materials, properties - measurement of gas sensing property, sensitivity - Discussion of sensors for various gases - Gas sensors based on semiconductor devices - Thermal energy sensors - temperature sensors - heat sensors- Optical and radiation sensors.

#### APPLICATIONS

Cantilever array sensors -Cantilever sensors for diagnosis of diabetes mellitus and cancer diagnosis - Nanotube based sensors for DNA detection and capnography - Nanowire based sensors and single viruses - detection of biomolecules – Night vision systems.

Ref	erence(s) :
1	K. Goser, P. Glosekotter and J. Dienstuhl, "Nanoelectronics and Nanosystems-From Transistors to Molecular Quantum Devices", Springer, 2004.
2	Herve Rigneault, Jean-Michel Lourtioz, Claude Delalande, Ariel Levenson, "Nanophotonics", Wiley-IST - 2006.
3	W.R.Fahrner, "Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics – Materials, Devices and Measurement Techniques" Springer, 2006.
4	K.E. Drexler, "Nano systems", Wiley India, 2010.



K.S. Ran	gasamy College of Tech	nology -	Autono	mous	Regu	lation		R	2018
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology			
Semester II									
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / We		eek	Credit		Maximum Marks	
Course Code			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total
50 PNT 204	NANOLITHOGRAPHY		3	0	0	3	50	50	100
<ul> <li>Objective(s)</li> <li>To interpret the basic about nanolithography and impart the knowledge for the different lithography techniques.</li> <li>Impart knowledge about the lithography application of different industries and study the use of AFM in nanolithography</li> </ul>									

#### **BASICS IN LITHOGRAPHY**

Lithography – Printing – Chemical process – Refinements – The modern process – Optical, micro, nanolithography – Lithography in artistic medium – Nanometer design for electronic circuits – Applications of nanolithography.

## **OPTICAL LITHOGRAPHY**

Optical lithography – Light sources – Photo mask and alignment - Resolution in projection systems – Positive and negative photo resists – Ultraviolet lithography – X ray Lithography - Proximity printing – X ray masks – X ray sources – Synchrotron radiation – X ray projection – X ray resists – holographic lithography.

## ION BEAM LITHOGRAPHY

lon beam lithography - Focused ion beam – Point sources of ion – Ion column – Beam writing – Masked ion beam lithography – Ion projection lithography - Electron lithography – Electron optics – Raster scan and vector scan – Electron proximity / Projection printing - Electron resists – Electron beam applications.

## **MICRO-NANO LITHOGRAPHY**

Microlithography – Microchips - Immersion lithography – Semiconductor processing – MEMS design - Nanolithography - Nanosphere lithography – Molecular self-assembly – Nanoimprint lithography - Dip-pen nanolithography - Soft lithography - Stereo -lithography - Nanoscale 3D shapes – NEMS design.

#### NANOLITHOGRAPHY TOOLS

Tools for nanolithography - Molecular manipulation by STM and AFM – Nanopattern synthesis – Nano scratching – Resist and imaging layers.

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	W.R.Fahrner, "Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics – Materials, Devices, Measurement Techniques",							
	Springer, 2006.							
2	David G.Bucknall,"Nanolithography and Patterning techniques in microelectronics", CRC Press, 2005.							
3	James R. Sheats, Bruce W. Smith, "Microlithography: Sciences and Technology", CRC Press, 1998.							
4	M.Gentili, Carlo Giovannella, Stefano Selci, "Nanolithography: A Borderland between STM, EB, IB, and X-							
4	Ray Lithographies", 1 <sup>st</sup> edition, Springer, 1994.							



K.S.Rangasamy College of Technology – AutonomousR2018											
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			Commo	n to all Brar							
Semester	H	ours / Week		Total	Credit		aximum Mar				
	L 3	1	P	hrs	C	CA	ES	Total			
II	-	0	0	45	0	100	-	100			
Objectives	<ul> <li>Imbibe god</li> </ul>										
Course Outcomes											
<ul><li>visio</li><li>Mor</li></ul>	Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian										
<ul><li>Sen</li><li>Hon</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Importance of cultivation of values.</li> <li>Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness.</li> <li>Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity.</li> <li>Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline</li> </ul>										
<ul> <li>Inte</li> <li>Pun</li> <li>Avo</li> <li>Free</li> <li>Univ</li> <li>True</li> <li>Hap</li> <li>Awa</li> <li>Ass</li> </ul>	sonality and Be grity and discip ictuality, Love a id fault Thinking e from anger, D versal brotherhe e friendship. opiness Vs suffe are of self-destr ociation and Co ng best for savi	line. and Kindness g. Dignity of labo ood and relig ering, love fo ructive habits poperation.	bur. jous toleran rtruth.		ntific attitude.	Positive Thir	nking.				
<ul> <li>Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blindfaith.</li> <li>Self-management and Good health.</li> <li>Science of reincarnation.</li> <li>Equality, Non violence, Humility, Role of Women.</li> <li>All religions and same message.</li> <li>Mind your Mind, Self-control.</li> <li>Honesty, Study ingeffectively</li> </ul>											
Reference:	akroborty SK	"\/oluce and	Ethics for a	ragnizations	Theory and	practice" Out	ford Univers	it.			
	akroborty, S.K. , New Delhi	values and	Ethics for o	rganizations	i neory and p	practice", Oxi	iora Univers	пу			



K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation R 2018										
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code		e	PNT	: М.Те	ech – Na Techno	no Scien logy	ce and	
	1	Semeste	er II							
Course Code	Course	Name	Hour		Week Cre dit			Maximum Marks		
			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT 2P1	NANO DEVICE FA SIMULATION LAB	ORATORY-II	0	0	3	2	60	40	100	
Objective(s)		lifferent device fabric levices using nanostr							wledge	
Techniqu Characte	Nano coating (TiO₂/2 ues: Ultrasonic spray erisation: FTIR-ATR a Thin film (Al₂O₃/ZrO₂	coating Ind Fire redundant te	sting							
Techniques: Dip coating using nanosol Characterisation: SEM/HRSEM analysis										
<ol> <li>Material: Thin film(SiO<sub>2</sub>/Ag/Au) Techniques: Spin coating Characterisation: AFM studies</li> </ol>										
Techniqu	Nano coating (Bioact es: Electrodeposition risation: Nanoindenta	0	′P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> )/c	erami	cs)					
Techniqu	PolymericScaffolds es: ElectroSpinning risation: Physico-Che	emical studies								
6. Electroch	nemical studies - CV,	charge/discharge, in	npedan	ce and	l corr	osion s	tudies (N	/InO <sub>2</sub> )		
7. Design a	nd fabrication of Nan	o Sensor and testing								
8. Design a	nd fabrication of Sola	r cell testing and IV r	measur	ement	S					
9. Image ar	nalysis - AFM offline s	oftware and SEM/TE	EM imaę	ges						
10. Design and simulation of sensors (Temperature, Pressure, Gas)										
11. Design and simulation of solar cell										
12. Design and simulation of batteries										
Any 9 experi	ments out of 12exper	iments.					Γ			
					Tot	al Hrs		45		



K.S. Ra	ingasamy Colle	ge of Tecl	nology	- Auton	omous	Regu	ation		R	2018		
Department	Nano Scien Technol		Prog	ramme ( Name	Code &		PNT : N		– Nano S chnology	cience and		
				Semest	er II	•						
Course Code		irse Name		Hou	rs / We	ek	Credit		Maximur	n Marks		
Course Cours				L	Т	Ρ	С	CA	ES	Total		
50 PNT 2P2	TECHNICA PREPARAT PRESENTA	ION AND	•	0	0	2	0	100	00	100		
Objective(s)		e exposure ournals an ve the tech	d confere	nce prod	ceeding	S.						
Methodology	<ul> <li>Each student is allotted to a faculty of the department by the HOD</li> <li>By mutual discussions, the faculty guide will assign a topic in the general /subj area to the student.</li> <li>The students have to refer the Journals and conference proceedings and colle the published literature.</li> <li>The student is exposed to collect at least 20 such Research papers published the last 5years.</li> <li>Using OHP/Power point, the student has to make presentation for 15-20 minut followed by 10 minutes discussion.</li> <li>The student has make two presentations, one at the middle and the other near end of the semester.</li> <li>The student has to write a Technical report for about 30-50 pages (Title page, page Abstract, review of research paper under various subheading, Concludin remarks and List of References). The technical report has to b submitted to the one week before the final presentation, after the approval of the faculty guide.</li> </ul>						nd collect blished in 0 minutes her near the e page, One including ed to the HOD					
	Week					Acti	vity					
	I	Allotment of Faculty Guide by the HOD										
	II	Finalizing	the topic	c with the	e approv	/al of	Faculty G	Guide				
Execution	III-IV	Collection	Collection of Technical papers									
	V – VI	Mid seme	ester pres	sentation								
	VII – VIII	Report w	riting									
	IX	Report S	ubmissio	n								
	X-XI Final technical presentation											
<u>.                                    </u>	1	1										
	<ul><li>100 %</li><li>2Hrs/w</li></ul>			ment								
			onent				Weightage					
Evaluation	Phase – I Pres						25 %					
	Phase – II Pres					_	25 %					
	Report prepara		ubmissio	n					80 %			
	Final presentat	ion			/				20 %			
					Tota	I		1	00%			



	1.5		50 AT 002 D		gy – Autono nagement	11003 N 20		
				n to all Bra				
•	H	ours / Week		Total	Credit	Ν	laximum Mar	ks
Semester	L	Т	Р	hrs	C	CA	ES	Total
111	3	0	0	45		50	-	-
Objectives	<ul> <li>Critically e multiple pe</li> <li>Develop a specific ty</li> <li>Critically u planning</li> </ul>	ian response evaluate disa erspectives. n understand pes of disast inderstand th	e. ster risk redu ding of stand ers and cont ne strengths	uction and h lards of hum flict situation and weakne	umanitarian r anitarian res s.	esponse po ponse and p ster manage	blicy and prac practical releve ment approa	tice from
Economic I Earthquakes Man-made Disease And <b>Disaster Pr</b> Study Of Se	ions of Disast Damage, Los s, Volcanisms, disaster: Nucl d Epidemics, V one Areas in eismic Zones; / d Coastal Haz	s of Humar Cyclones, T ear Reactor Var And Con India Areas Prone	n and Anim sunamis, Flo Meltdown, flicts. To Floods A	oods, Droug Industrial A nd Droughts	hts And Fam ccidents, Oil s, Landslides	ines, Lands Slicks And and Avalan	lides And Ava I Spills, Outb ches; Areas I	alanches, preaks of Prone to
Preparedne Remote Se	<b>eparedness a</b> ss: Monitoring nsing, Data Preparedness	of Phenome From Meteo	na Triggerin					
<b>Risk Assessment</b> Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participatio in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.								
	oncept And St ructural Mitigat					in Mitigatior	n. Structural N	Vitigation

Refe	rence(s):
1	R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "'New Royal book Company.
2	Sahni, PardeepEt.Al. (Eds.)," Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.
3	Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies",Deep &Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi



K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology – Autonomous R 2018									
				- Research					
			Commo	n to all Brai	nches				
Semester	Ho	ours / Week		Total	Credit	aximum Ma	num Marks		
Semester	L	Т	Р	hrs	C	CA	ES	Total	
	1 0 0 15 0 100 - 100								
Objectives	<ul><li>Familia</li><li>Enlight</li></ul>	te the ethica arize about r ten about co about public	esearch and llaborative r	d documenta esearch	ition				

**Note:**The hours given against each topic are of indicative. The faculty has the freedom to decide the hour required for each topic based on importance and depth of coverage required. The marks allotted for questions i the examinations shall not depend on the number of hours indicated.

## Introduction to Ethical Practice in Research

Values Underlying Research Integrity; Framework for Good Academic Research Practices(2)

## Ethics in Research Design & Conducting Research

Planning; Research Questions and Documentation ; Literature Review; Data Precision, Accuracy & errors, Research Execution, Documentation & Manuscript writing; Checks for Plagiarism, Falsification, Fabrication, and Misrepresentation. (5)

## Collaborative Research & IPR

Collaboration and Authorship; Sharing of Credits; Intellectual Property(5)

## Dissemination

Selection of the Right Medium for Publication; Choosing the Right Journal for Publication; Translation of Research(3)

Total Hours 15	Total	Hours	15
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Text	: Book(s):
1	Guidance Document: Good Academic Research Practices. New Delhi: University Grants Commission, Sep 2020 (https://www.ugc.ac.in/e-book/grap_29092020/mobile/index.html)
2	UGC Regulation: Promotion of Academic Integrity and Prevention of Plagiarism in HEI's, Regulation 2018 (https://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/7771545_academic-integrity-Regulation2018.pdf)
Refe	erence(s):
1	Muralidhar, K., Ghosh, A., &Singhvi, A. K. (2019). Ethics in Science Education, Research and Governance. ISBN: 978-81-939482-1-7 (https://www.insaindia.res.in/pdf/Ethics_Book.pdf)
2	Griffiths, P. A., McCormick Adams, R., Albertis, B. M., Blout, E. R., Browder, F. E., Challoner, M. D., & Stine, D. D. (1995). On being a scientist: responsible conduct in research. Washington (DC): National Academy
3	Steven D. Krause (2007) Process of Research writing (Open Textbook Library, University of Michigan)
4	Chery Lowry (2016) Choosing & Using sources: A guide to academic research (Open Textbook Library, University of Michigan)



K.S. R	angasamy College of Te	chnology -	Auton	omous	Regu	lation		R 2	018	
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Progra	amme ( Name	Code &		PNT :		n – Nano and hnology	Science	
		Sen	nester l							
Course Code	Course Name		Но	urs / We	ek	Credit		Maximu	m Marks	
			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT 3P1	PROJECT WORK - PH		0	0	12	7	100	00	100	
Objective(s)	new areas of nanote	To exposure the students with Innovative Ideas. To provide exposure to the students to new areas of nanotechnology. Introduction to solve a scientific problem in both practically and theoretically.								
Methodology	<ul> <li>By mutual discussio to the student.</li> <li>The students have t published literature.</li> <li>The student is expo- last 5years.</li> <li>Using Power point, f 10 minutes discussi</li> <li>The student has ma of these semester.</li> <li>The student has to v page Abstract, revier remarks and List of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>By mutual discussions, the faculty guide will assign a topic in the general / subject area to the student.</li> <li>The students have to refer the Journals and conference proceedings and collect the published literature.</li> <li>The student is exposed to collect at least 25 such Research papers published in the last 5years.</li> <li>Using Power point, the student has to make presentation for 15-20 minutes followed by 10 minutes discussion.</li> <li>The student has make two presentations, one at the middle and the other near the end</li> </ul>							lect the d in the ollowed by ar the end ge, One ng e HOD	
	Week				Activ	ity				
-	I Allotmen	t of Faculty	Guide	by the H	OD					
-	II Finalizino	g the topic v	vith the	approva	al of F	aculty G	uide/ In	dustrial v	isit	
Execution		n of Scienti	fic pape	ers						
	V – VI Mid sem	ester prese	ntation							
	VII – VIII Report w	riting								
	IX Report S	ubmission								
	X-XI Final pre	sentation								
	100 % Continuo     3 hrs/week and	2credits	nent							
		ponent					Weigh	•		
Evaluation	Phase – I Presentation					25 %				
	Phase – II Presentation							5 %		
	Report preparation and	Submission						) %		
	Final presentation							) %		
				Tota			10	0%		



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Department	Nano Scier		Progra	amme (			PNT : N			Science and		
•	Technol	ogy	S	Name Semeste				Teo	chnology			
					urs / We	ek	Credit		Maximu	m Marks		
Course Cod	e Co	ourse Name	9	L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total		
50 PNT 4P1	PROJECT	WORK - P	HASE II	0	0	50	16	50	50	100		
Objective(s)	) 🔹 To provi	e the stude de exposur a scientific	e to the st	udents	to new	areas			gy.			
Methodology	<ul> <li>Each student is allotted to a faculty of the department by the HOD</li> <li>By mutual discussions, the faculty guide will assign a topic in the general /subject area the student.</li> <li>The students have to refer the Journals and conference proceedings and collect the published literature.</li> <li>The student is exposed to collect at least 50 such Research papers published in the las 5years.</li> <li>Using Power point, the student has to make presentation for 15-20 minutes followed by minutes discussion.</li> <li>The student has make two presentations, one at the middle and the other near the end the semester.</li> <li>The student has to write a project report for about 30-50 pages (Title page, One page Abstract, review of research paper under various subheading, Concluding remarks and of References). The project report has to be submitted to the HOD one week before the final presentation, after the approval of the faculty guide.</li> </ul>						ollect the ed in the last followed by 10 ear the end of One page emarks and List					
	Week		Activity									
	I	Allotment of Faculty Guide by the HOD										
	II	Finalizing	Finalizing the topic with the approval of Faculty Guide									
Execution	III-IV	Collection	n of Scient	ific pap	ers							
	V – VI	Mid seme	ester prese	entation								
	VII – VIII	Report w	riting									
	IX	Report S	ubmission									
	X-XI	Final pre	sentation									
		Continuous /week and		ent and	50 % E	nd se	mester e	xam				
		-	onent				Weightage					
Evaluation	Phase – I Pres						15 %					
	Phase – II Pre						15 %					
	Report prepara	ation and S	ubmission						20 %			
	Viva - Voce							5	60 %			
					Tota	l		1	00%			



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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.	IT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology			
Elective I										
Course Code Course Name			Ηοι	ırs / We	ek	Credit	М	Maximum Marks		
Course Code	de Course Name		L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E11	POLYMERS IN NA TECHNOLOGY	3	0	0	3	50	50	100		
<ul> <li>With the present development of nanotechnology in organic material, it is necessary to develop effective performance for the future trends.</li> <li>This course gives fundamental concepts and application for solving different kinds of problems that polymers involving technologically.</li> <li>At the end of the course the students would be acquainted with the basic concepts in several kinds of polymers in nanotechnology and their uses.</li> </ul>										

Classification, formation of polymers - chain growth and step growth polymerisation, copolymerisation – electro polymerisation thermoplastics and thermosets – micro - nanostructures in polymers – polymer length, molecular weight, amorphous and crystalline.

## PROPERTIES

Polymer morphology- Crystallinity, Tensile strength, Surface tension, Young's modulus – Phase behaviourglass transition temperature, mixing behavior, inclusion of plasticizers – types of polymerisation – mechanisms– polymer degradation.

## NANOPOLYMERS

Preparation and characterisation of diblock copolymer based nano hybrids, Nanoparticles polymer ensembles; Assembly of polymer – polymer nanocomposite from polymerisation; polymers/clay nanocomposites.

## NANOPOLYMERS IN ELECTRONICS

Printing and patterning techniques - nanoscale behaviour in organic transistors - transition of sensing response by organic transistor from micro to nanoscale - organic field effect transistor, organic light emitting diode. Molecular electronics.

#### NANOPOLYMERS IN TEXTILES

Hydrogels, synthetic and natural polymers in electrospinning - controlling parameters and morphology of nanofibers, nanoparticles - electro static self assembled nanolayer films and coating in textiles.

Refe	Reference(s) :								
1	Harry R allcock, Frederick W lampe and James E Mark," Contemporary polymer chemistry", person education, 2003								
2	K cousins, keith cousins," polymers in electronics" smithers Rapra technology publishers, 2006								
3	P J Brown and K Stevens," nanofibers and nanotechnology in textiles" CRC press, 2007								
4	Frances Gardiner, Eleanor carter,: polymer electronics – a flexible technology", ismithers, 2009								



K.S. Ra	K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation R 2018									
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
Elective I										
O a vina a O a da	Course Name		Hours / Wee		/eek	Credit	M	aximum I	Marks	
Course Code			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E12	BIOMATERIALS		3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
Objective(s)       • To analysis the basic properties of biomaterials and the classes of biomaterials implant, ceramics, alloys, polymers, knowledge about DNA nanotechnology and understandbasic Characterisation techniques. To understand the applications of biomaterials.										

Biomaterials - first generation - second generation - general characteristics - properties - biological systems.

## BIOMATERIALS

Third generation biomaterials – characteristics - biomaterials in tissue engineering - enzyme conjugate - DNA conjugates - micro array technologies - micro-nanotechnology – micro fabrication - nanofabrication between biological materials - molecular machines.

## **BIOACTIVE AND BIODEGRADABLE MATERIALS**

Bioactive materials - bioceramics for implant coating: calcium phosphates – hydroxyapatite - metals – alloys – ceramics – composites - natural composites and other biomedical alloys. Cardiovascular implants: Cardio pacemaker-blood substitutes – biopolymers – biomembranes – bioactive glasses.

## **TISSUE ENGINEERING**

Tissue Engineering: engineering biomaterial to control cell function – building structure into engineered tissues - fibrous proteins and tissue engineering – scaffolds for tissue fabrications – materials for scaffolds - materials for hydrogel scaffolds - scaffolds fabrication technologies – nano - featured and bioactive scaffolds – nano - fiber scaffolds - nanocomposite scaffolds - scaffolds for stem cells - micro and nanopatterned scaffolds.

## DNA TECHNOLOGY

Introduction - DNA nanotechnology-structural DNA assembly – DNA nano pore – arrays - DNA detection, sorting, sequencing - DNA studies by AFM - DNA based computation - PCR amplification of DNA fragments - molecular surgery of DNA - nanoscale organisation - characterisation.

Ref	Reference(s) :						
1	SV Bhat, Biomaterials(2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition),Narosa Publishing House, New delhi-2005						
_	C.M. Niemyer & C.A. Mirkin, "Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives", Wiley VCH						
2	Verlag GMBH & Co, 2004.						
3	Raplph et al, "Nanoscale Technology in Biological Systems", CRC Press, 2005.						
4	Joon B. Park, R.S. Lakes, "Bio Materials: An Introduction", Birkhäuser 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition 2006						



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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
Elective I										
Course Code	Course Na	ma	Hours / Week		ek	Credit	Maximum Marks		/larks	
Course Code	Course Marile		L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E13	SOLID STATE OF NANOTECHNOLOGY		3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
<ul> <li>To impart the basics of solid state physics and the knowledge of structure, electrical, optical, dielectric and magnetic properties of different materials to understand the nanoscience and nanotechnology.</li> </ul>										

## STRUCTURE AND IMPERFECTIONS IN CRYSTALLINE SOLIDS

Metallic crystal structures: Cubic and HCP system, packing factor, linear and planar densities, polymorphism and allotropy. Ceramic crystal structure: Radius ratio rules, AX-type, A<sub>m</sub>X<sub>p</sub>-type and A<sub>m</sub>B<sub>n</sub>X<sub>p</sub>-type crystal structures, crystal structure from close packing of anions, ceramic density computation. Determination of crystal structure. Point defects: vacancies and self-interstitials, specification of composition. Dislocations: Burger vector. Interfacial defects- Bulk or Volume defects- Influence of imperfections and impurities on electrical, optical and mechanical properties of materials.

## **ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF SEMICONDUCTORS**

Fermi Dirac distribution- Effect of temperature on Fermi Distribution function- Density of States- Sommerfeld's theory of electrical conductivity- Band theory of solids- Overlapping of energy bands- Kronig Penney model-Motion of electron in one dimension according to band theory- Brillouin zones- Band model for metals, semiconductors and insulators.

#### **OPTICAL PROPERTIES**

Optical Reflectance: Kramers-Kronig relation- Electronic interband transitions. Excitons: Frenkel excitons-Alkali halides, Molecular crystals-Weakly bound excitons- Exciton condensation into electron-hole drops.

#### DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES

Macroscopic description of the static dielectric constant-static electronic and ionic polarizabilities-Orientation polarization- static dielectric constant of gases- Lorentz internal field-Dielectric losses and relaxation time. Classification and properties of ferroelectrics- Ferroelectric domains-Piezoelectric materials and applications.

#### MAGNETIC PROPERTIES

Ferromagnetism- Domain theory- Magnetic hysteresis- Weiss molecular field theory-Heisenberg's theory-Magnetic anisotropy- Domain walls-Exchange energy- Antiferromagnetism- Ferrites: Structure and properties and applications.

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	Callister W D, "Materials Science and Engineering", Wiley Publications, 2010.							
2	James F Shackelford," Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers", Prentice Hall, 2008.							
3	Dekker A J, "Solid State Physics", Macmillan Publications, 1970.							
4	Pillai S O, "Solid State Physics", New Age International, 2005							



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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : N	T : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology			
Elective II										
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / Week			Credit		Maximum Marks		
			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E21	NANOBIOTECHNOLC	)GY	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
<ul> <li>To recognize the basic knowledge of Nanobiotechnology and DNA structures.</li> <li>To interpret the application of nanomaterials in biotechnology and acquire the knowledge about the DNA, proteins, amino acids, drug delivery, biomedicine etc.</li> </ul>										

Interdisciplinary areas of biotech and nanoscience - biological systems – cells – cellular components - nucleic acids and proteins refinement and application of instruments – to generate and manipulate nanostructured materials to basic and applied studies.

## **INTERPHASE SYSTEMS**

Interphase systems of devices for medical implants – nano-biometrics – introduction – lipids as nano-bricks and mortar: self assembled nanolayers – nano analytical.

## PROTEIN BASED NANOSTRUCTURES

Protein based nanostructures building blocks and templates – proteins as transducers and amplifiers of biomolecular recognition events – nanobioelectronic devices and polymer nanocontainers – microbial production of inorganic nanoparticles – magnetosomes.

## DNA BASED NANOSTRUCTURES

DNA based nanostructures – topographic and electrostatic properties of DNA and proteins – hybrid conjugates of gold nanoparticles – DNA oligomers – use of DNA molecules in nanomechanics and computing.

## APPLICATIONS

Metal nanoparticles and nucleic acid and protein based recognition groups – application in optical detection methods – nanotechnology in agriculture – fertilizers and pesticides - natural nanocomposites – silica nanoparticles in maize growth.

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	CM, Niemeyer, C.A. Mirkin, "Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives", Wiley – VCH, 2004.							
2	T. Pradeep, "Nano: The Essentials", McGraw – Hill education, 2007.							
3	Challa, S.S.R. Kumar, Josef Hormes, Carola Leuschaer,"Nanofabrication Towards Biomedical Applications, Techniques, Tools, Applications and Impact", Wiley – VCH, 2005.							
4	Nicholas A. Kotov, "Nanoparticle Assemblies and Superstructures", CRC, 2006.							



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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
Elective II										
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / Week			Credit		Maximum Marks		
Course Code			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E22	DRUG DELIVERY		3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
<ul> <li>To provide exposure to the students on biophysics in nanotechnology.</li> <li>To explore the cancer therapy and drug delivery system.</li> <li>To study the various devices used for nanotechnology</li> </ul>										

Modes of drug delivery, ADME hypothesis – controlled drug delivery, site specific drugs, barriers for drug targeting, passive and active targeting, strategies for site specific, time and rate controlled delivery of drugs, antibody based and metabolism - based targeting.

## NANO PARTICLES IN DRUG DELIVERY

Nanoparticles surface modification, bio conjugation, pegylation, antibodies, and cell - specific targeting and controlled drug release, multi - functional gold nanoparticles for drug delivery: virus based - nanoparticles.

## DENDRIMERS AS DRUG CARRIERS

Synthesis – nanoscale containers – nanoscaffold systems – gene transfection, biocompatibility polymer micelles as drug carriers, polymers nanotubes - magnetic nanoparticles as drugcarriers.

## LIPOSOMES FOR DRUG DELIVERY AND TARGETING

Classification and preparation of liposomal nanoparticles. liposomes for pharmaceutical and cosmetic applications, liposomal drug carriers in cancer therapy, lipid-DNA complexes, viral gene transfection systems, lipid based drug delivery systems for peptide and protein drug delivery, liposomal anticancer and antifungal agents.

#### APPLICATIONS

Targeted delivery through enhanced permeability and retention. folate receptors, targeting through angiogenesis, targeting to specific organs or tumor types, tumor-specific targeting: breast cancer, liver, targeting tumor vasculature for Imaging, delivery of specific anticancer agents: such as Paclitaxel, Doxorubicin,5-Fluorouracil.

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	A.M.Hillery, Drug Delivery and Targetting, , CRC Press, 2002.							
_	Deepak Thassu, Michel Deleers (Editor), Yashwant Pathak (Editor), Nanoparticulate Drug Delivery							
2	Systems ISBN-10: 0849390737 ISBN-13: 9780849390739.							
3	C.W. Chan, Bio-Applications of Nanoparticles Warren ISBN: 978-0-387-76712-3.							
	Lisa Brannon-Peppas, James O. Blanchette Nanoparticle and targeted systems for cancer therapy							
4	Advanced Drug Delivery Reviews 56 (2004) 1649– 1659.							



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Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
Elective II									
Course Code Course Name				Hours / Week			Maximum Marks		
		L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
NANOTECHNOLOGY IN ENERGY CONVERSION AND STORAGE			0	0	3	50	50	100	
<ul> <li>The purpose of this course is an introduction to various forms of energy used in industries and methods of converting from one form to another by using Nanotechnology. Students should be provided with the opportunity to explore these various forms of energy, particularly intermsofNanotechnologyandhowtheyareconvertedandhowtheiruseimpactonthe environment.</li> </ul>									
	Nano Science and Technology Course National NANOTECHNOLOGY IN CONVERSION AND STO • The purpose of this co methods of converting be provided with the intermsofNanotechnologienvironment.	Nano Science and Technology       Programme Construction         Name       Elective         Course Name       Elective         NANOTECHNOLOGY IN ENERGY CONVERSION AND STORAGE       Converting from one form to be provided with the opportunity to entitle         • The purpose of this course is an introduct methods of converting from one form to be provided with the opportunity to entitle         • IntermsofNanotechnologyandhowtheyare environment.	Nano Science and Technology       Programme Code & Name         Elective II       Elective II         Course Name       L         NANOTECHNOLOGY IN ENERGY CONVERSION AND STORAGE       3         • The purpose of this course is an introduction to methods of converting from one form to ano be provided with the opportunity to explor intermsofNanotechnologyandhowtheyareconv	Nano Science and Technology       Programme Code & Name         Elective II       Elective II         Course Name       U         Course Name       L         T       NANOTECHNOLOGY IN ENERGY CONVERSION AND STORAGE       3         • The purpose of this course is an introduction to var methods of converting from one form to another be provided with the opportunity to explore the intermsofNanotechnologyandhowtheyareconverted environment.	Nano Science and Technology       Programme Code & Name       I         Elective II       Elective II         Course Name       Hours / Week         L       T       P         NANOTECHNOLOGY IN ENERGY CONVERSION AND STORAGE       3       0       0         • The purpose of this course is an introduction to various methods of converting from one form to another by us be provided with the opportunity to explore these v intermsofNanotechnologyandhowtheyareconverted andh environment.       I	Nano Science and Technology       Programme Code & Name       PNT : M         Elective II       Elective II       Credit         Course Name       Hours / Week       Credit         NANOTECHNOLOGY IN ENERGY CONVERSION AND STORAGE       3       0       0       3         • The purpose of this course is an introduction to various forms or methods of converting from one form to another by using National be provided with the opportunity to explore these various intermsofNanotechnologyandhowtheyareconverted and how their environment.       National	Nano Science and Technology       Programme Code & Name       PNT : M.Tech - Tech         Elective II       Elective II         Course Name       Hours / Week       Credit         L       T       P       C       CA         NANOTECHNOLOGY IN ENERGY CONVERSION AND STORAGE       3       0       0       3       50         •       The purpose of this course is an introduction to various forms of energ methods of converting from one form to another by using Nanotechr be provided with the opportunity to explore these various forms intermsofNanotechnologyandhowtheyareconvertedandhowtheiruseimp environment.       0       0       3       50	Nano Science and Technology       Programme Code & Name       PNT : M.Tech – Nano S Technology         Elective II       Elective II       Kaximu         Course Name       Hours / Week       Credit       Maximu         L       T       P       C       CA       ES         NANOTECHNOLOGY IN ENERGY CONVERSION AND STORAGE       3       0       0       3       50       50         •       The purpose of this course is an introduction to various forms of energy used ir methods of converting from one form to another by using Nanotechnology. S be provided with the opportunity to explore these various forms of energy used introduction to environment.       S       6       6	

Nanotechnology for sustainable energy- Energy conversion process, indirect and direct energy conversion-Materials for light emitting diodes-batteries-advanced turbines-catalytic reactors-capacitors-fuel cells. Solar energy conversion: Photovoltaic- Photo electrochemical- Photo thermal and Thermoelectric systems.

## **RENEWABLE ENERGY**

Energy challenges, development and implementation of renewable energy technologies – nanotechnology enabled renewable energy technologies -Energy transport, conversion and storage- Nano, micro, and poly crystalline and amorphous Si for solar cells, Nano-micro Si-composite structure, various techniques of Si deposition.

## BATTERIES

Basic concepts-Components & Classification of Cells and Batteries-Operation of a Cell- Energy-Specific Energy and Energy Density -Factors affecting Battery Performance-design-General Characteristics-Selection and Application -Types - Primary Batteries - Reserve Batteries & sodium beta-secondary batteries-metal-air batteries.

## FUEL CELL AND FLUIDIC SYSTEMS

Hydrogen storage methods - metal hydrides - size effects - hydrogen storage capacity. Micro-fuel cell technologies, integration and performance for micro-fuel cell systems -thin film and micro fabrication methods. - novel micro fluidic devices - nano engines – driving mechanisms - power generation – micro channel battery - micro heat engine (MHE) fabrication - thermocapillary forces -Thermocapillary pumping (TCP) - piezoelectric membrane.

## SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEMS

Solar cells - types of solar cells - semiconducting material- Solar cell properties and design- p-n junction photodiodes- depletion region- electron and holes transports - charge carrier generation - I-V characteristics - output power -Single junction and triple-junction solar panels - metal-semiconductor heterojunctions.

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	C.Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, a chapter about Nanotechnology, Wiley, 2004							
2	G.M.Chow and K.E.Gonslaves, Nanotechnology - Molecularly Designed Materials – (American chemical society)							
3	Thomas Reddy, "Linden's Handbook of Batteries", McGraw Hill Professional, USA, 2010							
4	Ogumi Z, "Battery/Energy technology (General)", The Electrochemical Society, USA 2010							



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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name			PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology					
Elective III										
CourseCode	Course Name		Hours Weel			Credit		Maximum Marks		
				Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E31	NANOMATERIALS IN ENERGY STROAGE DEVICES			0	0	3	50	50	100	
<ul> <li>Objective(s)</li> <li>To study the basic knowledge of Nanomaterials in Energy storage, Fundamentals, Rechargeable Batteries, Super capacitors, Fuel Cells and Advanced Batteries for Electric Vehicles and Emergingapplication.</li> <li>To Explore the application of Nanomaterials in Energy Storage and acquire the knowledge about cell reaction, cell components and characteristicsetc.,</li> </ul>										

## Energy Systems

Basic concepts - Components & Classification of Batteries - Primary - Secondary - Reserve - Fuel Cells Operation of a Cell - Theoretical Cell Voltage, Capacity, and Energy - Specific Energy and Energy Density of Practical Batteries - Electrochemical Principles and Reactions - Thermodynamic Background - Electrode Processes - Electro analytical Techniques - Nanomaterials in Energy storage - Applications.

## **Primary Batteries**

Introduction – Classification - Cell components - Performance characteristics of primary batteries Zinc/carbon batteries - lithium primary batteries - Solid electrolyte batteries – Cell reactions – Cell Construction-Performance characteristics - Nanomaterials in Specialized Primary Batteries - Peace makers and Torpedo Batteries.

## **Rechargeable Batteries**

Introduction - Classification - Characteristics Lead- acid batteries –VRLA - Ni-MH - Lithium-Ion batteries - Cell reactions - Cell Components - Bulk and Nanomaterials in Cell Construction - Performance characteristics - Recent advancement in nano - electrode materials.

## Advanced Batteries For Electric Vehicles And Emerging Applications

Zinc- Aluminium – Magnesium - Lithium-air batteries- Zinc/bromide battery - Sodium- ion Batteries- Lithium-Iron Sulfide batteries - Cell reactions - Cell Components - Cell Construction - Performance and characteristics – Application- Advantages of Nanomaterials in EV Batteries.

## Fuel Cells And Supercapacitors

Types - PEMFC - SOFC - Fuel cells- characteristics and Operation of the fuel cell- nanomaterials - Innovative designs for low wattage fuel cells - Applicable fuel cell technologies - Advantages of Nanomaterials in Fuel Cells. Supercapacitors - Basic Principles - General characterization - Classifications - Construction - Nanomaterials electrode design - Performance characteristics- application - Advantage of Nanomaterials in Supercapacitors

Refe	Reference(s):								
1.	Thomas Reddy, "Linden's Handbook of Batteries", McGraw Hill Professional, USA, 2010. (U-1,U-2,U-3,U-								
2.	Ronald M. Dell David A. J. Rand, "Understanding Batteries", RSC, UK, 2001.(U-2)								
3.	Conway, B. E., "Electrochemical Supercapacitors", Springer , UK , 2015 (U-5)								
4.	Huggins, Robert A., "Energy Storage - Fundamentals, Materials and Applications" Springer, UK, 2014								
5.	Lefrou C., Fabry P., Poignet JC., "Electrochemistry" Springer, UK, 2014								



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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Progra	ogramme Code & Name			PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
		l	Elective							
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / Week Cred			Credit	Maximum Marks			
Course Code			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E32	NANODEVICES		3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
Objective(s)       • To analyse the development of nanoelectronics.         • To study the principle behind the nanodevices.         • To explore the application of nanodevices.         • To analyse and study the molecular and bioelectronics on application.										

## QUANTUM DEVICES

Quantum electronic devices – Electrons in mesocopic structures – Short-channel MOS transistor – Split gate transistor – Electron wave transistor – Electron spin transistor – Quantum cellular automata – Quantum dot array – Quantum computer- Bit and Qubit – Coherence and Entanglement – Quantum parallelism.

## **TUNNELING DEVICES**

Tunneling element – Tunnel effect and tunneling elements -Tunneling diode – Resonant tunneling diode – Three-terminal resonate tunneling devices -Technology of RTD - Memory applications – Basics logic circuits – Dynamic logic gates - Digital circuits design based on RTBT – Single electron transistor (SET).

## SUPERCONDUCTING DEVICES

Basics - Macroscopic characteristics – Macroscopic model - Super conducting switching devices – Cryotron - Josephson tunneling devices - Elementary circuits – Associative or Content – Addressable memory - SQUID – Flux quantum device – LC - Gate – Magnetic flux quantum – Quantum cellular automata - Quantum computer with single flux devices – SFQD - RSFQD – Application of superconducting devices.

#### **CHALLENGES IN NANODEVICES**

Limitations of integrated electronics - Survey of limits – Replacement of technologies – Energy supply and Heat dissipation – Parameter spread as limiting effect – Limits due to thermal particle motion - Debye length – Thermal noise - Reliability as limiting factor – Physical limits – Thermodynamic limits - Relativistic limits – Equal failure rates by tunneling and thermal noise.

#### BIOELECTRONICS

Bioelectronics – Molecular processor – DNA analyser molecular electronics – Switches based on fullerenes andnanotubes–Polymerelectronic–Selfassemblingcircuits–Opticalmolecularmemories–DNAcomputer – Information processing with chemical reaction – Nanomachines – Parallel processing.

Ref	Reference(s) :							
1	K. Goser, P. Glosekotter and J. Dienstuhl, "Nanoelectronics and Nanosystems-From Transistors to Molecular Quantum Devices", Springer, 2004.							
2	Herve Rigneault, Jean-Michel Lourtioz, Claude Delalande, Ariel Levenson, "Nanophotonics", ISTE.							
3	W.R.Fahrner, "Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics – Materials, Devices and MeasurementTechniques" Springer, 2006.							

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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
Elective III										
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / Week			Credit		Maximum Marks		
Course Coue			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E33	NANOTECHNOLOGY IN AUTOMOBILES30035050100					100				
Objective(s)	<ul> <li>• To provide exposure to the students on nanotechnology in automobiles.</li> <li>• To study the various materials used in automobiles systems and its application</li> </ul>						ion			

## NANOFUELS

Nanofuel-Engine performance-Emissions-Burning characteristics-Ignition delay-Stable suspensions of nanoparticles of AI, Fe and Boron in diesel were used as fuels- Fuel consumption materials -specific fuel consumption for AI as compared to diesel. -reduced environmental impact materials- efficiency of nanofuel materials- nanostructured lubricant -reduced frictional loss- Reduced friction-surface finish and affinity or oil

## NANOFLUIDS

Synthesis of Nanofluids- methods-Smart Cooling Nanofluids- thermal properties of nanofluids- Thermal insulation -higher operating temperature-Reduced friction -surface finish and affinity or oil-Reduce dimension weight -replaces cast iron block/liner- Nanofluids for Sensing Applications - Heat transfer improvement using nanofluids-nanofluids for solar collectors- molecular fluid-advanced flow and heat transfer fluids-magnetic nanofluids-Nanofluid in Fuel Brake and Other Vehicular Nanofluids Cooling of Microchips Micro scale Fluidic Applications

## NANO COATINGS

Nanocoating materials -Carbon based nanostructure materials- vehicle weight reduction-aluminium alloy engine-polycarbonate window-scratch resistant-UV resistant and self healing car paints -interior-automotive paints-dirt resistant paints- Nano-coatings for engine application- vehicles windows and wipers-automotive textiles- nanoparticles fillers for tires

## NANOSENSORS

Micro scale physical - temperature, acceleration, pressure, strain - chemical sensors - oxygen and hydrogen -Safety-Additional airbags and sensors-Satellite sensing modules-Roll over sensing-Occupant position– Occupant Classification Sensors -Tyre pressure monitoring sensor-Lane Departure Warning -Driver drowsiness monitor-Night vision –Comfort –Convenience - Passive authentication-Door handle operation-Power door closure sliding/lift –Anti-trap, position- Multizone HVAC Temperature and humidity

## **CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES**

Improving fuel cell performance of future generations of hydrogen powered cars-flexible hydrogen sensors nanostructured materials- Improve fuel efficiency - polymer glazing-fuel cell-solar cell-electro chromatic layers-High performance automobile systems

Ref	ference(s) :
1	Joao Paulo Carmo and Joao Eduardo Ribeiro, New Advances in Vehicular Technology and Automotive Engineering", ISBN 978-953-51-0698-2, Published: August 1, 2012
2	Yuwen Zhang ,Nanofluids: Research, Development and Applications, Nova Science Pub Inc (June 30, 2013)
3	Michael Berger." Nanotechnology in the automotive industry" Copyright Nanowerk 2010



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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name			e	PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
Elective IV										
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / Week			Credit	Μ	Maximum Marks		
Course Code	Course Na	Course Maine		Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E41	CORROSION ENG	INEERING	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
Objective(s)	<ul> <li>To study the bas</li> <li>To explore the control</li> <li>To minimize &amp; place</li> </ul>	orrosion testi	ng &mor	nitoring.		rm of corro	sion.			

# PRINCIPLES OF CORROSION PHENOMENON

Thermodynamics and kinetics: emf/galvanic series, Pourbaix diagram, exchange current density, passivity, Evans diagram, flade potential.

## DIFFERENT FORMS OF CORROSION

Atmospheric/uniform, pitting crevice, intergranular, stree corrosion, corrosion fatique, dealloying, high temperature oxidation-origin and mechanism with specific examples.

## CORROSION TESTING AND MONITORING

Non-Elecrochemical and Electrochemical methods: weight loss method, Tafel Linear polarization and Impedance techniques, Lab, semi plant & field tests, susceptibility test.

## **CORROSION PROTECTION**

Corrosion prevention through design, coatings, inhibitors, cathodic, anodic protection, specific applications, economics of corrosion control.

## **CORROSION & ITS CONTROL IN INDUSTRIES**

Power, Process, Petrochemical, ship building, marine and fertilizer industries. Some case studies-Corrosion and its control in different engineering materials: concrete structures, duplex, super duplex stainless steels, ceramics, composites and polymers. Corrosion auditing in industries, Corrosion map of India.

Refe	Reference(s) :							
1	B. J. Little, Microbiologically Influenced corrosion, Wiley-Intersciene (2007)							
2	C.A. C.Sequeira, Microbial Corrosion, European Federation of Corrosion, Maney Pub. (2000).							
3	Denny A Jones, Principles and Prevention of Corrosion (second edition), PrenticeHall, N. J. (1996).							
4	H.Videla, J. F. Wilkes, R.A.Silva, Manual of Biocorrosion, CRC Press (1996).							



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Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programn	mme Code & Name PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science a Technology					nce and					
			Elective	IV									
Course Code	Course Na	Course Name		rs / We	ek	Credit	М	Maximum Marks					
Course Coue			L	Т	Р	С	CA	A ES Total					
50 PNT E42	SOCIAL IMPACT ( NANOTECHNOLO	-	3	0	0	3	50	50	100				
Objective(s)	<ul> <li>To help the learners to understand the challenges of synthesis nanomaterials</li> <li>To provide an overview of the Challenges in Storage and fabrication</li> <li>To familiarize learners with Challenges in Nano toxicological management</li> <li>To familiarize the learners Challenges in healthcare and biomedical area</li> <li>To enlighten the learners to understand various methods, materials and it applications</li> </ul>												
Development Nanomaterials	<b>Janomaterials</b> Green synthesis of Na and Potential Impac Design- Synthesis of <b>nd Storage of Nanom</b>	t of Microflu Nanomateria	idic Sys										
Challenges in Distribution-Mo	fabrications -Nanocor prphology-Crystallinity, n Storage- Lithium Ba	nposites Thir Chemical	Composi	tion-Sto	e Ener rage	gy- Surfac - Microstr	e Area ucture-	- Size, Uı Nanomat	niform Siz erials-Soli				
Toxicant Anal Standard Ope Laboratory Info	gical Management ysis and Quality Ass rating Procedures (S prmation Management uality Control (QC) Pro	SOPs)-QA/Q0 System (LIN	Manua	als-Proc	edural	Manuals	- Analyt	ical Meth	ods Files				
Challenges - L Manufacturing	lealthcare and Biomo Inderstanding Environ - Nanoparticle Safety Cardiovascular Challer	mental and E - Pesticides											
Factor-Effectin Implementation	on of Nanotechnolog g of The Implementat n-Commercialization C ng Mechanism.	ion-Role of A	dvanced										
		Challenges-M	arket Op	portariit									
		Challenges-M	arket Op	portanit		То	tal hour	s to be ta	ess Factor aught : 45				
Reference(s)									aught : 45				
	suzuki " Nanotechnolo				tanfor				aught : 45				
1 Takuya T ,2013. 2 Robert A		ogy Commerc	ializatior	,Pan S		d Publishir	ng, Taylo	or &Franci	aught : 45 s Group				

4 Ernest Hodgson "A Text Book Of Modern Toxicology", Wiley&Sons, Inc Publication



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Elective IV									
Course Code			Hou	ırs / We	ek	Credit	М	aximum N	/larks
Course Code	Course Name		L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total
50 PNT E43	COMPUTER MODELING AND SIMULATION		3	0	0	3	50	50	100
Objective(s)	<ul> <li>To penetrate the</li> <li>To study the model</li> <li>To introduced values.</li> <li>To highlight the openational statements</li> </ul>	deling & Bou arious system	ndary an I modelin	alysis. g & mai	thema	itical approa	aches si	mulation	

## **REVIEW OF COMPUTATIONAL METHODS**

Solution of ordinary differential equations, Initial value and boundary value problems.

## MODELING

Classification, Functions, Limitations and interrelationship of different types of models, Types and development of mathematical model. Development of rigorous and semirigorous physicalmodels.

## **BOUNDARY ANANLYSIS**

Solution of partial differential equations, Initial value and boundary value problems, Hyperbolic, parabolic and elliptic equations, Explicit and Implicit methods, Finite difference methods. Finite element method.

## SIMULATION

Survey of simulation techniques, Molecular dynamics and Monte- Carlo simulations. Fuzzy Logic, neural networks and genetic algorithms.

## **APPLICATIONS**

Application of above to model materials behavior and metallurgical processes.

Ref	erence(s) :
1	Szekley, J.S, Evans, J.W, and Brimakombe, The mathematical and physical modeling of primary metals processing operations, Wiley
2	Sibol, I.M, The Monte Carlo method, Little mathematics Library, Mir
3	Rajasrkharan, S and Pai, G.A.V, Neural Networks, Fuzzy logic and Genetic algorithms synthesis and applications, Prentice Hall



K.S. Ran	K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation R 2018									
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Progra	ode &		PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology					
Elective V										
Course Code	Course Name		Hou	Hours / Week 0				Maximum Marks		
Course Code			L	Т	Р	С	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E51	NANOSAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL IS	SUES	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
Objective(s)	To provide exposure to the students on safety and environmental issues of nano science and technology									

Identification of Nano - Specific Risks- Responding to the Challenge -Human health hazard – Risk reduction – Standards – Safety – transportation of NP– Emergency responders. Risk assessment –Environmental Impact – Predicting hazard – Materials Characterization. Risk Assessment related to nanotechnology – Environmental and policy making- Ecotoxicity measurement of Polychlirinated biphenyl and intermediates in their degradation

## NANOTOXICOLOGY

Inhalation of nanomaterials – Overview. Introduction- Inhalation deposition and Pulmonary clearance of Insoluble Solids – Bio –persistence of Inhaled solid material. Systemic Translocation of inhaled Particles. Pulmonary effects of SWCNT- Pulmonary Inflammatory Responses to SWCNTs *In Vivo* - Interactions of pulmonary Inflammation with oxidative stress – Interactions of SWCNTs with Macrophages

#### **EXPERIMENTAL ISSUES**

Nanoparticle exposure and systematic cardiovascular effects – experimental data – respiratory particulate matter exposure and cardiovascular toxicity, Nanoparticles – Hypothesis and research approaches. SWCNT – Experimental data. Toxicity of polymeric nanoparticles with respect to their application as drug carriers. Particle exposure through the indoor air environment –Measurement of indoor of PM and experimental study.

#### ETHICS

Needs for regulations, training and education for health protection and environmental security of nanotechnologies – definitions and essence – general benefits – benefits for health and medical practice – potential risks – The approaches to assessment of exposure to the nanotechnology. Bioethics and legal aspects of potential health and environmental risks in nanotechnology – Legal regulatory considerations of nanotechnology.

#### CHALLENGES AND FUTURES

Nanotechnology – the frame of worker training, public education, and participation – Introduction – Nanotoxicity – Workers protection – International documents – protection of medical staff – Nurses education – Public information. Occupational risk assessment and management – focus on Nanomaterials.

Total hours to be taught : 45

## Reference(s) :

Rei	erence(s).
1	P.P. Simeonova, N. Opopol and M.I. Luster, "Nanotechnology - Toxicological Issues and Environmental Safety", Springer 2006.
2	Vinod Labhasetwar and Diandra L. Leslie, "Biomedical Applications of nanotechnology", A John Willy & son Inc,NJ, USA, 2007.
3	Miyawaki, J.; et.al Toxicity of Single-Walled Carbon Nanohorns. ACS Nano 2 (213-226) 2008.
4	Hutchison, J. E. Green Nanoscience: A Proactive Approach to Advancing Applications and Reducing Implications of Nanotechnology. <i>ACS Nano</i> 2, (395–402) 2008.



K.S. Ra	K.S. Rangasamy College of Technology - Autonomous Regulation									
Department	Nano Science and Technology	Programme Code & Name				PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology				
	Elective V									
Course Code	Course Name		Hours / Week			Credit		Maximum Marks		
Course Code	Course Name		L	e Code & PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science ne Technology tive V Hours / Week Credit Maximum Mark - T P C CA ES T 3 0 0 3 50 50 -	Total					
50 PNT E52	INTELLECTUAL PROPE RIGHTS	RTY	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	
Objective(s)	<ul><li>To provide awareness</li><li>To provide exposure to</li></ul>			ectual	prope	rty.				

## IMPORTANCE OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Introduction – Tangible and Intangible Properties- Intellectual property- an intangible wealth and a product of creative mind – IPR and its significance- Types of IPRs

## **COPYRIGHTS AND RELATED ISSUSES**

Works protected by copyright- Reproduction rights-moral rights-translation and adaptation rights-copyright issues-Piracy- civil -criminal remedies-Infringement- Patents – Copyrights of designs and related rights – Trade Marks and rights arising from Trademark registration – Definitions – Industrial Designs and Integrated circuits – Protection of Geographical Indications at national and International levels – Application Procedures

## INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT FOR THE PROTECTION OF IPR

Berne convention-Madrid agreement-Hague agreement-Patent cooperation treaty-Paris convention-Lisbon Agreement - Establishment of WIPO – UPOV and WTO-Mission and Activities – History – General Agreement on Trade and Tariff(GATT)-

## PATENTED INVENTION AND ADMINISTRATION

Significance of Patent information-classification of invention according to technology- Novelty search and state of art search-Indian Position Vs WTO and Strategies – Indian IPR legislations – commitments to WTO-Patent Ordinance and the Bill – Draft of a national Intellectual Property Policy – Present against unfair competition80

## APPLICATIONS

Case Studies on – Patents (Basumati rice- turmeric- Neem- etc-) – Copyright and related rights – Trade Marks – Industrial design and Integrated circuits – Geographic indications – Protection against unfair competition- Patent agents-Examiner of Patents- IPR Managers-

Reference(s) :												
1	Prabuddha	Gangul	i, "Intellectual F	Property	/ Right	s,"TMH, 200	1.					
2	Subbaram	N-R-	" Handboo	k of	India	n Patent	Law	and	Practice	"- S	i- Vis	wanathan
	(Printers ar	(Printers and Publishers) Pvt- Ltd—1998.										
2	Richard	Stim,	"Intellectual	Prope	erty	Copyrights,	trad	emark	s, and	Pater	nts,"	Cengage
<sup>3</sup> Learning India Private Ltd, 2004.												
4	Deborah	E.	Bouchoux,	"Intelle	ectual	Property	Rig	ghts,"	Cengage	e L	earning	g India
4	Private Ltd	, 2005.										



Department Nano Science and Technology Programme Code & Name PNT : M.Tech – Nano Science and Technology								ence and	
		Elect	ive V						
			Но	urs / W	eek	Credit	ſ	Maximum	Marks
Course Code	Course Name				C	CA	ES	Total	
50 PNT E53	RESEARCH METHOD SCIENCE AND HUMA		3	0	0	3	50	50	100
Objectives	<ul><li>To provide awarene</li><li>To analysis the doc</li></ul>				on sc	ience and	l huma	nities.	
Collection of Prima Evaluating Source MECHANICS OF Spelling-Punctuations DOCUMENTATIO Preparing the list of	WRITING on-Abbreviations-Margir	ns and Spacing	g – Hea	ading a	nd Title	e-Page N	umbers	S-Correct	ions and
PLAGIARISM Definition – Forms nfringement-Colla	of Plagiarism – Conseq borative work	uences of Pla	giarism	- Uninte	entiona	al Plagiari	sm-Co	pyright	
						Tot	al hou	rs to be	taught :
Reference(s):									
1. Joseph Giba America, 20	aldi, "MLA Handbook for 09	Writers of Re	search	Papers	', Mod	ern Langi	uage A	ssociatio	n of
/ anoniou, ze	Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology – An Introduction', Juta and Company Ltd,								
				s, 1999					



# K.S.RANGASAMY COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY, TIRUCHENGODE- 637 215.

# DEPARTMENT OF NANOSCIENEC AND TECHNOLOGY (2019-2021)

## BoS Date: 12.02.2022 Time: 11:30 A.m.

# i) A panel of 6 (Six) experts from which 1 (ONE) will be nominated by the Vicechancellor of Anna University, Chennai.

S.No.	Name	Address	Signature
1		Professor Centre for Food Technology, ACT Campus Anna University, Chennai - 600 025	July

# ii) List of 2 (TWO) subject experts (External) to be nominated bythe Academic Council.

S. No.	Name	Address	Signature
1	Dr. Chinnuswamy Viswanathan, MSc., Ph.D., FASch	Associate Professor Department of Nanoscience and Technology, Bharathiyar University, Coimbatore	c
2	Dr. L.C. NehruM.Sc., M.Phil., Ph.D.,	Assistant Professor Department of Medical Physics Bharathidasan University Tiruchirappalli – 620 024	Wost

# iii)1 (ONE) expert from Industry

S.No.	Name	Address	Signature
1	Anto Godwin M	Head and Technology, NoPo Nanotechnologies Pvt Ltd, Bangalore 560100	M. Ange

# iv)1 (ONE) Meritorious Alumnus

S.No.	Name	Address	Signature
1	Ms. Brindha Ramasubramanian,	Research Analyst, ArrkayEngg Works & M.Tech, Pondicherry University, Center for Nanoscience and Technology, Pondicherry University, Kalapet, Puducherry - 605014.	Brindly:R

